Oregon Ocean Planning

ASLC Cape Lookout Reports

Size

| Name | Area (Acres) | e! |
|-------------------|--------------|----|
| ASLC Cape Lookout | 346.9 | |
| Total | 346.9 | |

Adjacent County

Tillamook county is adjacent to this zone.

Islands and Rocks

This zone includes 2 acres of offshore islands.

There are 33 islands included within this zone.

Substrate Types

Subtidal Substrates

| Name | Area (Acres) | Area (% of zone) |
|--------|--------------|------------------|
| Sand | 229.5 | 66.1 |
| Rock | 88.3 | 25.5 |
| Gravel | 16.9 | 4.9 |
| Total | 334.7 | 96.5 |

Intertidal Substrates

| Name | Area (Acres) | Area (% of zone) |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| Unclassified | 161.2 | 46.5 |
| Fine Unconsolidated Substrate | 14.0 | 4.0 |
| Rock Substrate | 5.8 | 1.7 |
| Boulder | 3.7 | 1.1 |
| Coarse Unconsolidated Substrate | 2.7 | 0.8 |
| Total | 187.4 | 54.0 |

Sea Level Rise Risk

Nearby sites have the following estimated risk from sea level rise (slr) of 0.5, 1.0, and 1.5 meters:

| Name | SLR 0.5m | SLR 1.0m | SLR 1.5m |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| South Cliff Face | Low | Low | Moderate |
| South Intertidal | None | Moderate | High |

Ranges for Estimated SLR Risk Levels:

- Increase or Less than 10% Loss (Minor)
- 11-29% Loss (Low)
- 30-49% Loss (Moderate)
- More than 50% Loss (High)

Long Term Research Species Found

| Name |
|-------|
| Total |

Important Bird Colonies

| Importance | Number of Colonies |
|------------|--------------------|
| High | 22 |

Three Nearest Cities

| e04 | 4 | Name |
|-----|-----------|------|
| | Garibaldi | |
| | Tillamook | |
| | Bay City | |

Shoreline

The selected designated area touches **5.4 miles** of shoreline

Intertidal Area

This zone includes **24** acres of intertidal area in the 0m Sea Level Rise scenario.

Average Depth

| Name | Average Depth (m) | Maximum Depth (m) | Minimum Depth (m) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| ASLC Cape Lookout | 33.6 | -21 | 191 |

Positive values for minimum depth represents elevation above mean lower low water. Unusually high values indicate cliff edges that fall within 100m of Mean High Water.

Sea Level Rise

Sea level rise is predicted to cause the following changes in the intertidal habitat within this designated area:

| Sea Level Rise Scenario | Remaining Intertidal Habitat (in Acres)* |
|-------------------------|--|
| 0.5 Meters | 17.8 |
| 1 Meter | 8.5 |
| 1.5 Meter | 2.9 |

*due to the fact that future intertidal areas may be above present-day MHW, this analysis is based on intertidal area contained in the unclipped site polygon.

Marine Mammal Species

| Name | Species | Haulout Count |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Steller sea lions | Eumetopias jubatus | 1 |
| Northern elephant seals | Mirounga angustirostris | 1 |
| California sea lions | Zalophus californianus | 1 |
| Pacific harbor seals | Phoca vitulina | 1 |
| Total | | 4 |

Key Species Present

| | Name | |
|----------------------|------|--|
| Total | | |
| No key species found | | |

Bird Species Present

| | Name | |
|------------------------|------|--|
| Unidentified cormorant | | |

1/6/2021

| Importance | Number of Colonies |
|------------|--------------------|
| Medium | 177 |
| Low | 156 |
| Total | 355 |

- High-importance bird colonies are offshore colonies/complexes with ≥ 5,000 breeding birds, OR offshore or mainland colonies with Tufted Puffins, OR offshore colonies with Leach's Storm Petrels or Fork-tailed Storm Petrels
- Medium-importance colonies include all rocks, reefs, and islands of Oregon Islands and Three Arch Rocks NWRs with breeding seabirds that were not included in Importance level 1, OR mainland seabird breeding sites with ≥ 1,000 breeding birds.
- · Low-importance colonies are all other colonies

Critical Habitats

| Common Name | Species |
|-------------|---------|
| Total | |

Overlap with Gray Whale Migration Pathways

The selected designated area overlaps with Gray Whale migration pathways.

State Parks

The three nearest state parks are:

| Name | Distance (Miles) |
|--------------|------------------|
| Cape Lookout | 0 |
| Sand Lake | 2.7 |
| Clay Myers | 3.6 |

Attendance at Nearby Parks

Parking lot visitor counts for nearby OPRD parking lots for the years 2016-2018:

| Name | Bin | Trend | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|----------------------|------------|
| Cape Lookout State Park | 569716 | 511848 | 582908 | 500,000-1 million | Increasing |

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| Name |
|----------------------------|
| Pelagic cormorant |
| Double-crested cormorant |
| Brandt's cormorant |
| Pigeon guillemot |
| Black oystercatcher |
| Tufted puffin |
| Brandt's cormorants |
| Rhinocerous auklet |
| Common murre |
| West./glaucous-winged gull |
| Rhinoceros auklet |

Kelp

| The selected designated area overlaps with 33.05 acres of |
|---|
| observed kelp, which represents 0.44% of the total observed |
| kelp in Oregon territorial waters. |

Ports

The three nearest ports are:

| Name | Distance (Miles) |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Port Of Tillamook Bay | 9.7 |
| Port Of Garibaldi | 14.1 |
| Port Of Nehalem | 25.5 |

NPDES Outfalls

There are 0 NPDES outfalls within 1 mile of this designated area.

Overlap with Long Term Research Areas



The selected designated area **does not** overlap with any long term research areas.

Recreational Activities

Recreational activities in or near this designated area:

| Activity Name | Count | |
|---------------|-------|--|
| Tide pooling | 5 | |
| Total | 5 | |

These data are the panel point results from the following studies:

- Boating Recreational Ocean Users Study. This group aggregated the following activities: sailing, power boating, personal water crafts, windsurfing, kite boarding, charter trips, and tow-in surfing
- The Human-powered group in the Recreational Ocean Users Study.
 This group aggregated the following activities: Kayaking, Surfing,
 Swimming, Scuba diving, Snorkeling and Skimboarding.
- The Shore group of the Recreational Ocean Users Study. This group aggregated the following activities: beach going, hang-gliding, scenic enjoyment, storm watching, biking/hiking, off-road vehicles, and photography.
- Additional Shore group of the Recreational Ocean Users Study. This
 group aggregated the following activities: bird watching, tide-pooling and
 whale watching.

The data were collected to create a baseline of use patterns for Oregon's recreational non-consumptive ocean users. These data include only the last trip data collected over the summer of 2010. These data were collected as part of Oregon's Territorial Sea Plan revision.